A Comparison Between J2EE/EJB and Microsoft .NET

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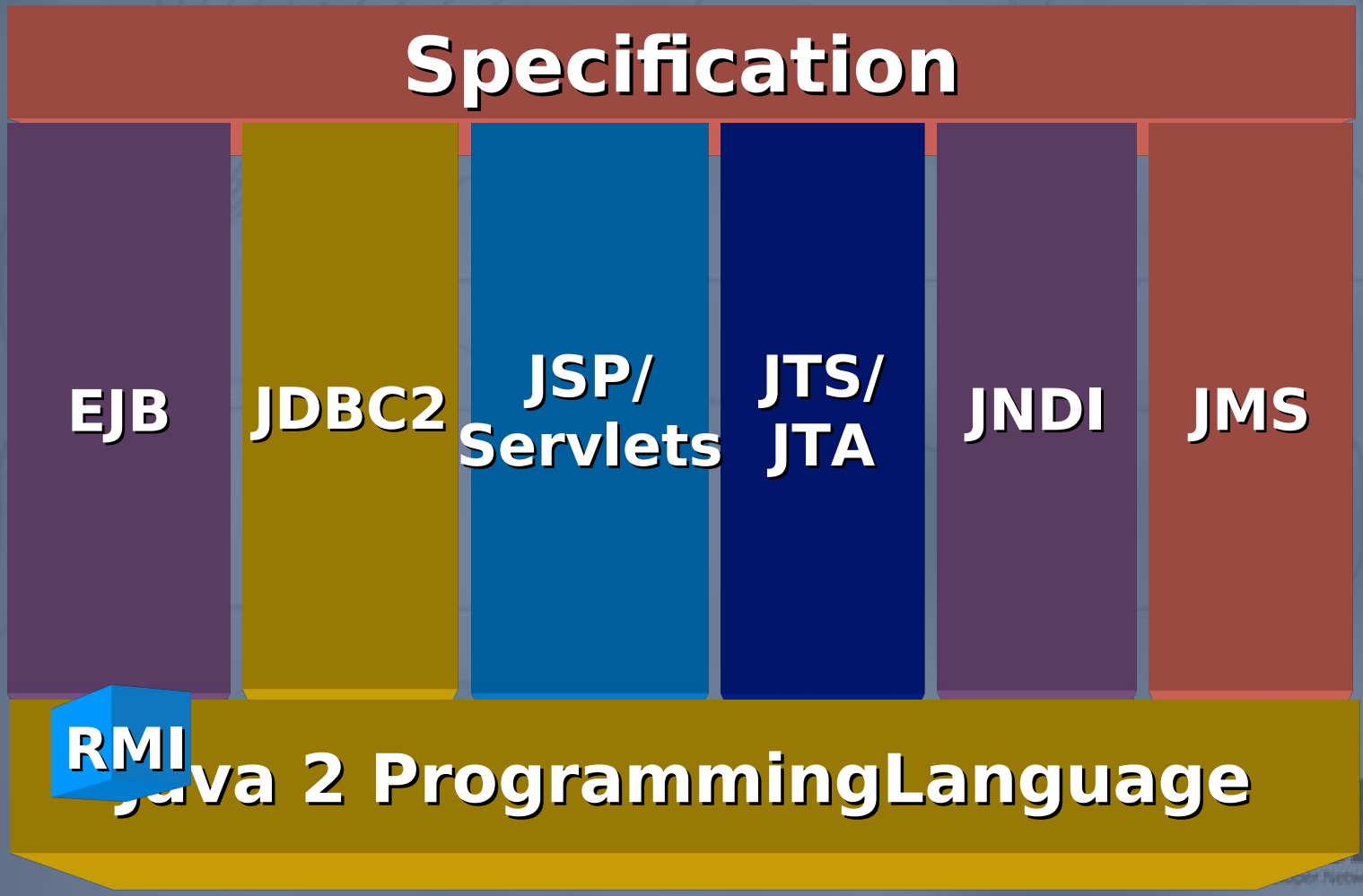
Agenda

- Architectures
- Components And Services
- Distributed Applications
- Accessing Data
- Web Services
- Web Applications
- Application Integration

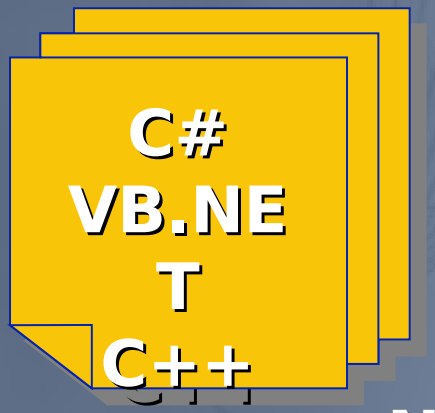
Architectures

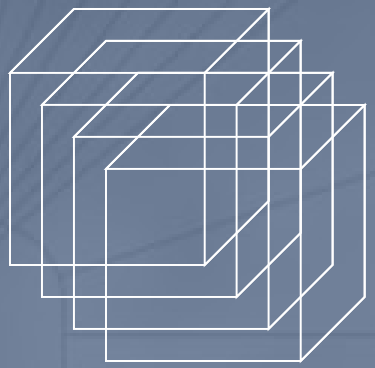
Architecture of J2EE



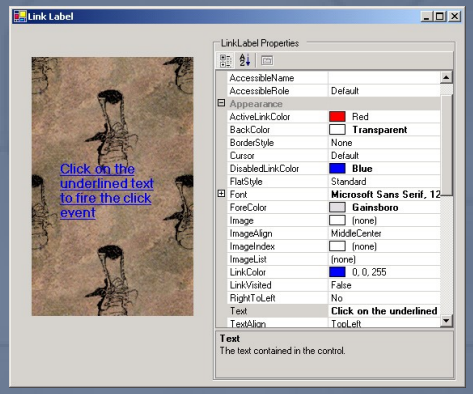
Architectures

Purpose and Structure of .NET



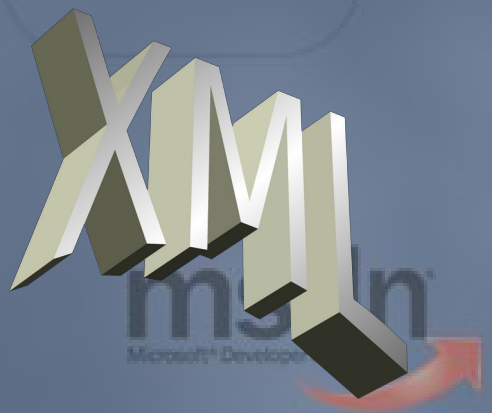


.NET Framework



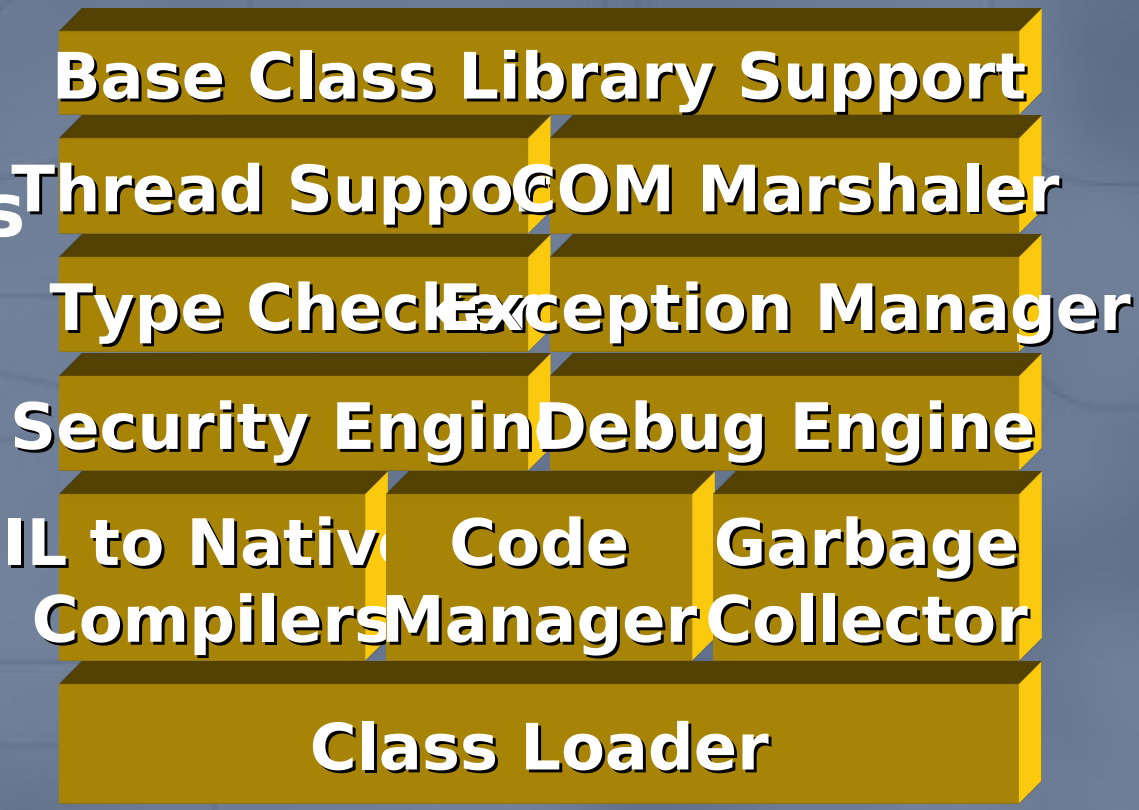
Forms

Common Language Runtime



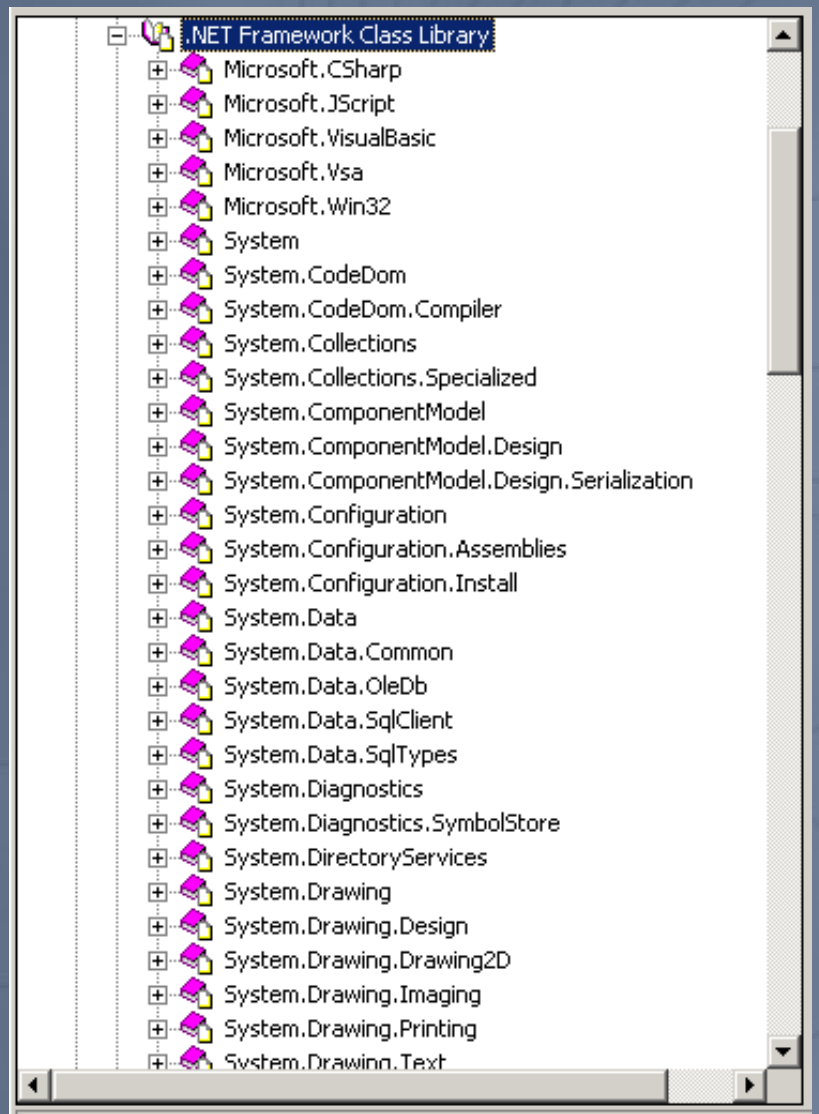
Architectures
Common Language Runtime

- Assemblies
  - Logical DLLs
- Component Oriented
  - Events
  - Delegates
  - Attributes
  - Properties



Architectures

Frameworks and Packages



Packages

javax.activation
javax.ejb
javax.jms
javax.mail
javax.mail.event
javax.mail.internet
javax.mail.search
javax.naming
javax.naming.directory
javax.naming.event
javax.naming.ldap
javax.naming.spi
javax.rmi
javax.rmi.CORBA
javax.servlet
javax.servlet.http
javax.servlet.jsp
javax.servlet.jsp.tagext
javax.sql
javax.transaction
javax.transaction.xa

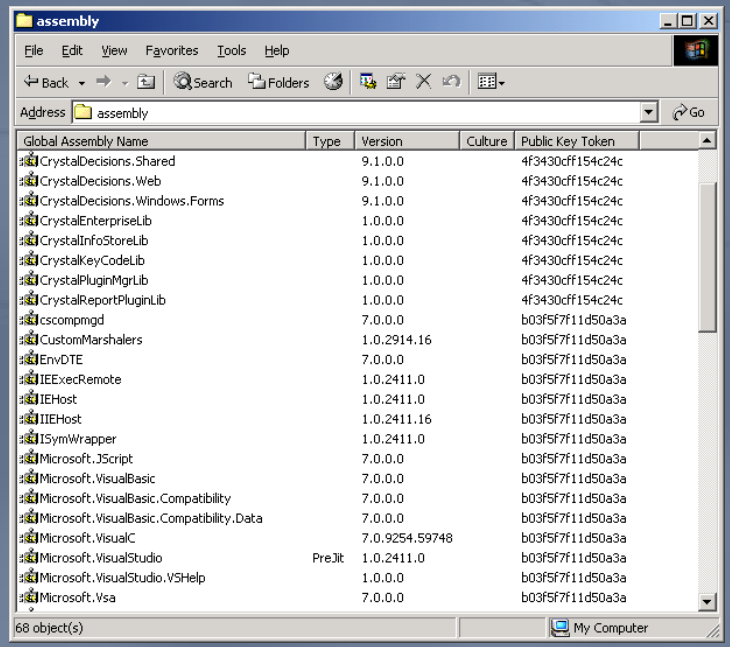
Architectures
Directory Services

- Naming and Directory Services
  - Transparent access to distributed objects and services
  - Different vendors implement different native APIs
- Java Naming and Directory Interface
  - Integral part of J2EE, fundamental
  - Open specification
  - Providers for LDAP, DNS, NIS, NDS, RMI, CORBA, …
- .NET System.DirectoryServices Namespace
  - Provides access to Active Directory
  - Providers for IIS, LDAP, NDS, WinNT
  - Less integral to .NET

Architectures

Applications Deployment

- J2EE/EJB
  - Deploy using Application Server
  - Create client packages
  - Updating EJBs can cause incompatibilities
- .NET
  - XCOPY deployment
  - Global Assemblies and the GAC
  - Strong Names avoid conflict
  - Versioning easier



Architectures
.NET Security

- Who Can Execute? - Role Based
  - Principals and Identities
  - Programmatic and declarative
- Who Wrote It? - Signing
  - Strong Names and Certificates to guarantee code authenticity
- What Can It Do? - Code Access Security
  - Makes sure a downloaded assembly doesn't format your C: drive!
  - Administrator can set policy

Architectures
XML in J2EE and .NET

- J2EE
  - Separate package - JAXP
    - API for DOM Level 2, SAX 2.0, XSLT 1.0
    - Requires implementations
- .NET - Built-in, Fundamental
  - XML 1.0 + DTD Support
  - Schemas
  - XPath
  - XSLT
  - DOM Level 2 Core
  - SOAP 1.1

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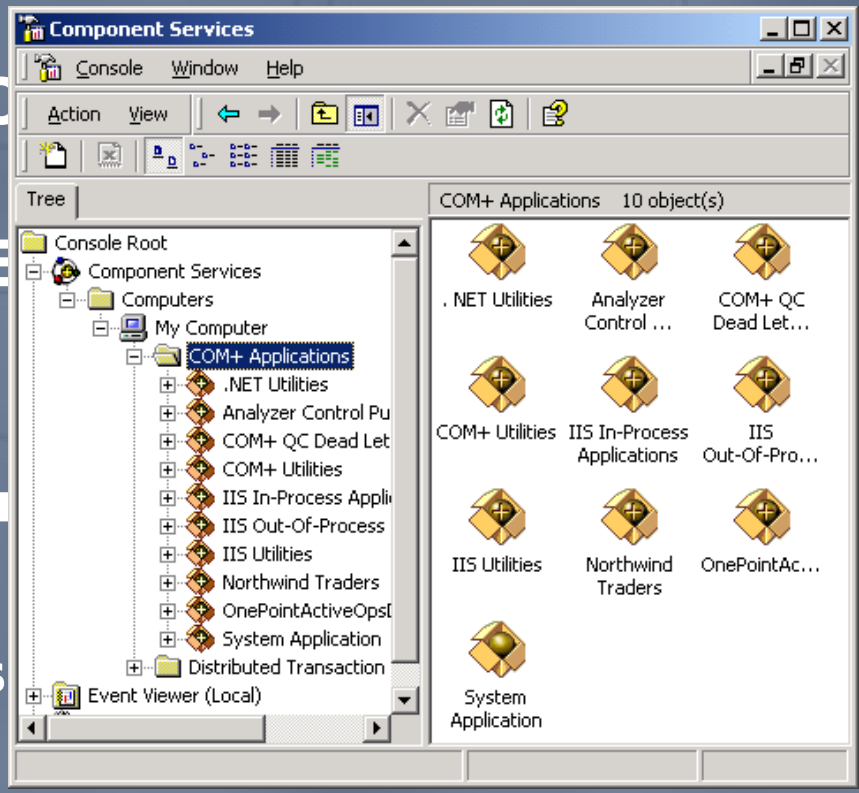
Components And Services

Serviced Components

- The Easy Way to Build CO Applications
- Support is Integral to .NE
  - `System.EnterpriseServices`
  - `ServicedComponent` Class
  - Attributes define behaviou
- Similar to Session EJBs
  - But can also run in-process
  - `[ApplicationActivation]`
- Dynamic and Manual Registration



Components And Services

Transactions and Object State

- **Automatic Transaction Processing - `[Transaction]`**
  - **Uses DTC as Transaction Manager**
  - **`SetComplete, SetAbort, EnableCommit, DisableCommit` indicate object state**
  - **`[AutoComplete]`**
  - **COM+ Provides context**
- **Session EJBs**
  - **Transaction attributes specified at deploy time**
  - **Container provides context**
  - **JTS provides Transaction Manager**
- **Compensating Resource Manager Support**
  - **Long-running “transactions”**
  - **Include non-transactional data in a transaction**
- **State can be Private or Shared**
  - **Shared Property Groups**

Components And Services

Entities and Persistent State

- EJB Model Provides Entity Beans
  - Bridge the Relational/Object gap
  - Manage Persistent State
- Container Managed Persistence
  - EJB Server manages database interactions
  - Abstract database details away from business/bean logic
- Implementations
  - Many are highly optimized for single tables
  - Vendor extensions for parent/child relationships

Components And Services

Object Lifecycle

- **JIT Activation -** `[JustInTimeActivation(true)]`
  - Objects created on demand
  - Destroyed when “done” bit set (transaction complete)
  - Client retains reference to dummy stub
- **Object Pooling -** `[ObjectPooling]`
  - More control than Session EJBs
  - Minimum/Maximum Pool Size properties
  - `CanBePooled`, `Activate`, `Deactivate` methods
  - Use if activation quicker than creation
- **J2EE Session EJBs**
  - Similar model
  - Less comprehensive

Components And Services

Asynchronous Activation and Events

- **Queued Components**
  - **Asynchronous activation**
  - **Based on MSMQ**
  - **`[ApplicationQueuing(Enabled=true, QueueListenerEnabled=true)]`**
  - **`[InterfaceQueueing]`to tag queued interfaces**
- **Loosely-Coupled Events**
  - **Publisher/Subscriber metaphor**
  - **More efficient than repeatedly polling a server**
  - **Publisher and Subscriber must both extend ServicedComponent**
- **J2EE**
  - **Message Driven EJBs (1.3)**
  - **Use JMS (1.2)**

Components And Services

Roles and Security

- Integrated With Windows® Security
  - Parallel to .NET role-based security (use one or the other)
- Declarative Security with Attributes
  - `[ApplicationAccessControl]` permits security configuration
  - `[ComponentAccessControl]` enables security checking
  - `[SecurityRole]` to define roles and associate users/groups
- Programmatic Security
  - `SecurityCallContext` Class
  - `IsSecurityEnabled` property
  - `IsCallerInRole` method
- J2EE
  - EJBs have equivalent functionality
  - Declarative security configured at deploy time
  - May not be as closely integrated with the Operating System

Components And Services

Component Services versus EJB

- EJB
  - EJB Server creates EJB Container
  - EJB Container manages EJBs
  - Provides context, security, transactions, pooling, managed persistence
  - Layered above Operating System
- Component Services
  - COM+ Base Services supply application host (server)
  - Provides context, security, transactions, pooling, loosely-coupled events, asynchronous activation
  - Integrated into Operating System – highly tuned

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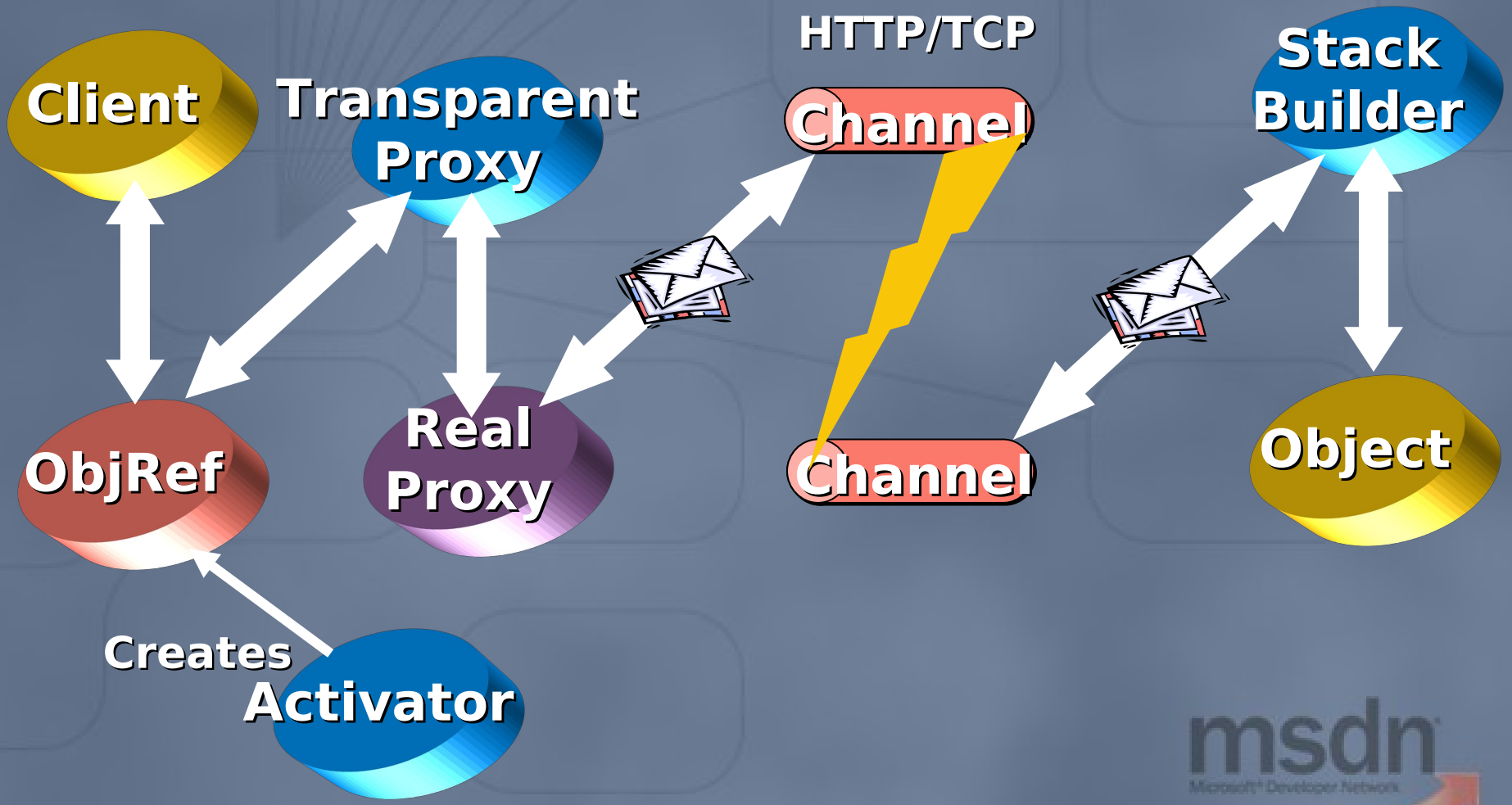
Distributed Applications

.NET Remoting



Distributed Applications

Processing and Marshaling

- Marshal By Value
  - `[Serializable]` attribute
  - `ISerializable` interface
  - Value copy in client
- Marshal By Reference
  - Inherit from `MarshalByRefObject`
  - Remote object reference in client
- Message Sinks
  - `IMessageSink` object chains on client and server
  - Custom processing and transformations
- Remote Events Supported

Distributed Applications

Data Transmission

- Messages are Serialized for Transportation
  - Channel sends/receives data
- Formatter Sinks
  - Binary for TCP
  - SOAP/XML for HTTP - interoperable
  - Create your own - `IRemoteFormatter` interface
- Stack Builder Sink
  - Creates a Stack frame
  - Invokes the target object method
  - Passes return values back through the Channel to the client
  - Catches exceptions and returns them to the client

Distributed Applications

Activation Modes

- Server Activation
  - Host application creates end-point
  - Singleton and SingleCall modes
- Client Activation
  - Remote object created on demand by client
  - Client controls object lifetime
  - Uses Lifetime Leases to aid garbage collection
  - Leasing Distributed Garbage Collector (LDGC)
- HTTP Objects Accessed Through IIS

Distributed Applications

Security

- .NET Code Access Security Controls Marshaled Objects
- User Authentication and Authorization
  - Implement a custom Message Sink
  - Prefer HTTP channels to TCP
  - Can use integrated security with IIS
- RMI
  - Built-in Java Security
  - Security Manager/Sandbox
  - Standard or Customized

Distributed Applications

.NET Remoting versus RMI

- .NET Remoting
  - Based upon common standards and protocols
  - Works as-is, but highly extensible and securable
  - Custom routing and marshaling can aid scalability
  - Supports synchronous and asynchronous method invocation
  - Can interoperate with other systems
- RMI/IIOP
  - Targeted at Java
  - Multi-language interoperability through CORBA
  - Requires bootstrap naming service (RMI Registry) or JNDI
  - Extensible using Socket Factories and Custom Sockets

Distributed Applications

Message Queues

- .NET
  - Asynchronous, persistent messaging using MSMQ
  - Provides events, priorities, transactional semantics, security, custom message formats (XML by default)
- J2EE
  - Java Messaging Service (JMS) API
  - Comprehensive, but complex
  - Open, but requires a JMS provider

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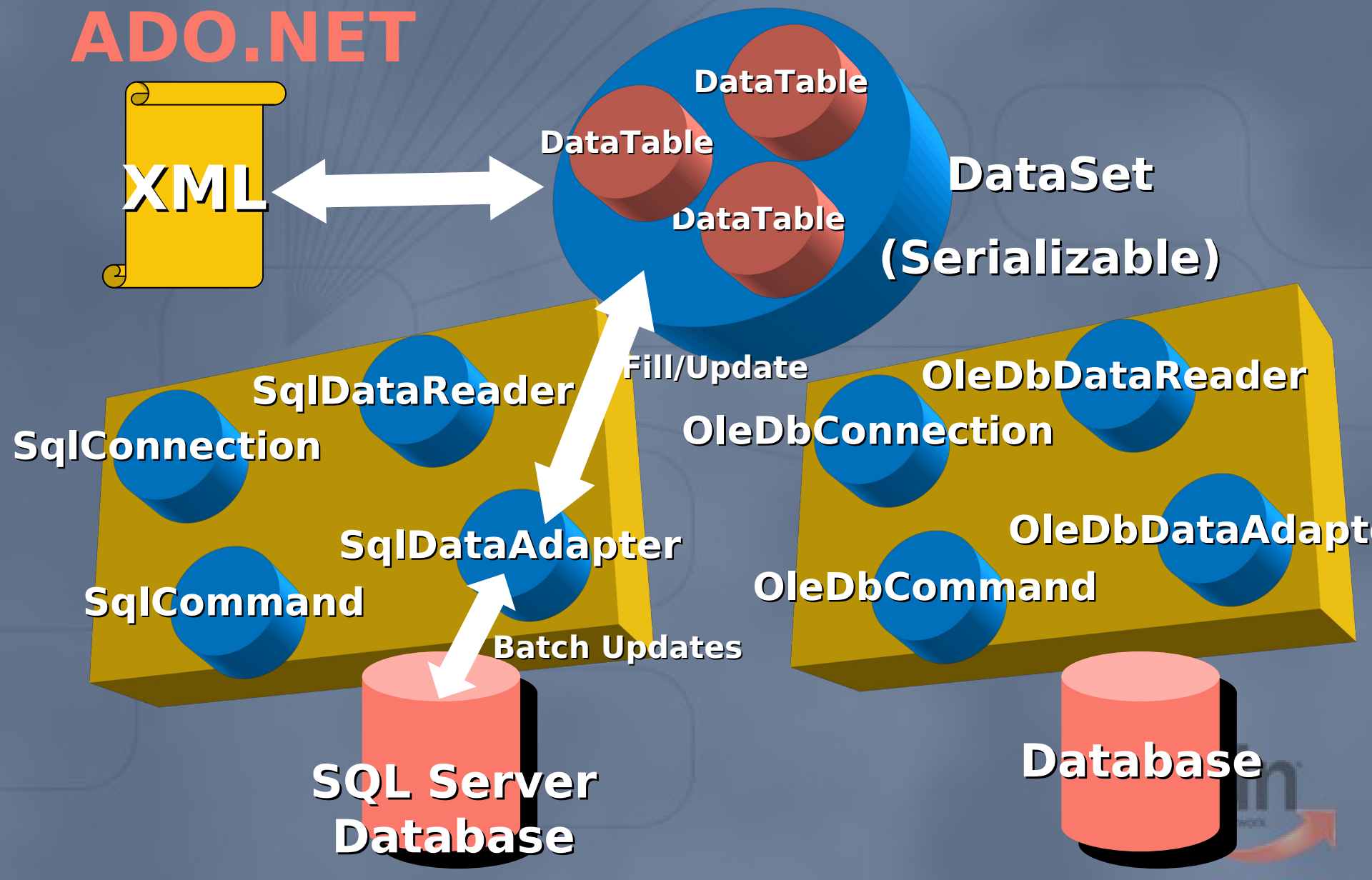
Accessing Data

ADO.NET

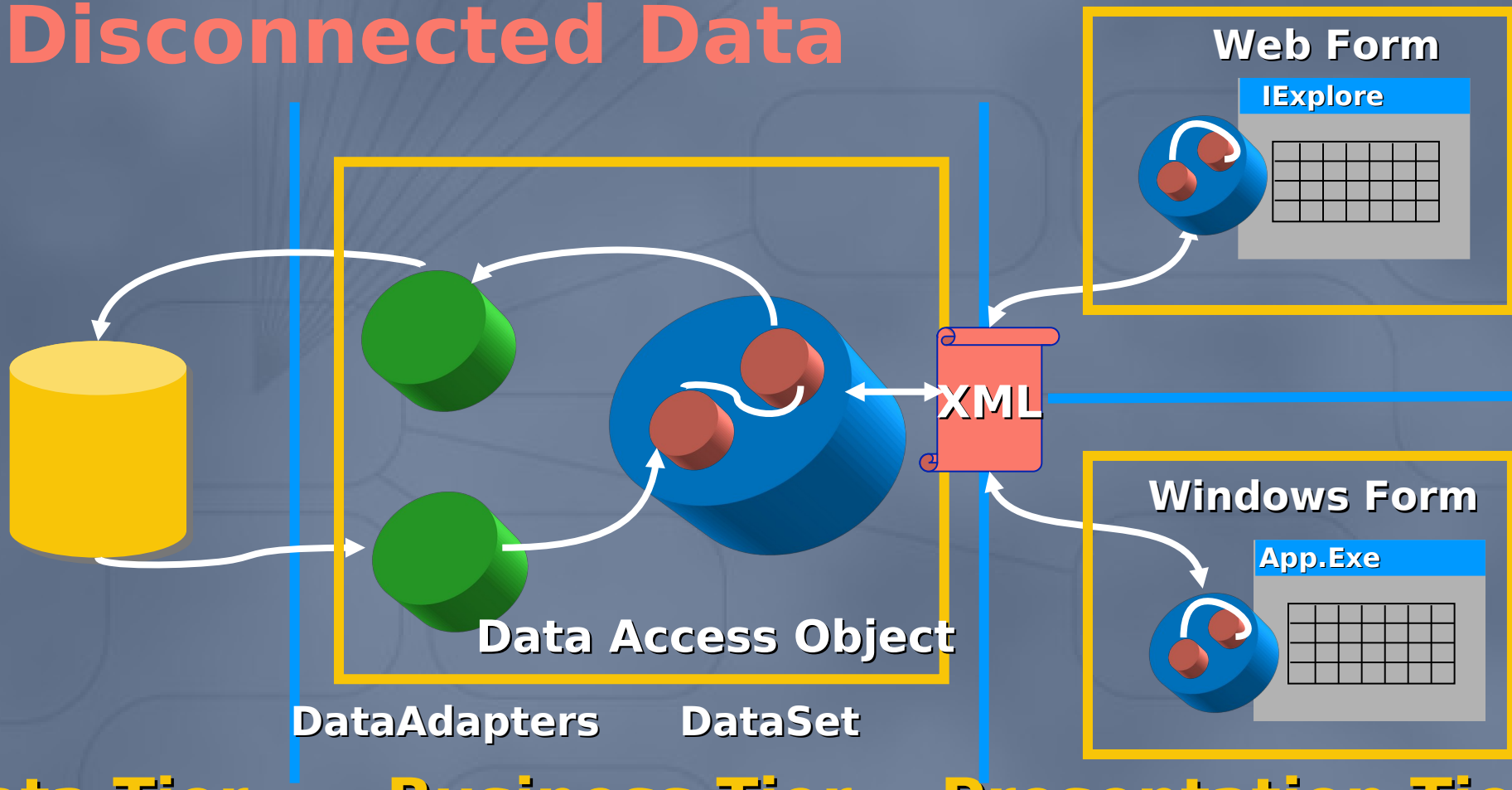


Accessing Data
Firehosing

- DataReader Component
  - Lightweight, fast, forward-only , read-only, row-at-a-time stream
  - Blasts data from source to application
  - Minimal locking (if any), improved concurrency
  - Extremely efficient means of sequential data access for local applications
- Use separate Command components to update data

Accessing Data

Disconnected Data



Accessing Data
Batch Updates

- Edit/Insert/Delete DataRow(s) In DataTable(s) In DataSet
- Generate DataSet Containing Changes Only
  - `DataSet.GetChanges`
- Validate Changes
  - `DataTable.GetErrors`
- Correct Errors
  - `DataTable.GetErrors, DataRow.GetColumnsInError, DataRow.GetColumnError`
- Create DataAdapter
  - `UpdateCommand, InsertCommand, DeleteCommand`
- Call `Adapter.Update`
  - Optimistic concurrency by default
  - Events to check/trap errors

Accessing Data
Data Binding

- DataBound Controls In .NET Framework
  - Windows Forms and Web Forms controls
  - DataGrid, DataList, Repeater, …
- Can Attach ADO.NET Data Source
  - Programmatically
  - At design-time, with Wizards that generate Connection, Command, Adapter, DataSet
- Can Also Bind To Arrays, Collections, XML

Accessing Data
ADO.NET versus JDBC2

- JDBC Model Based on ODBC
  - Familiar, but requires more work to use
  - SQL oriented (what about non-SQL sources?)
  - Different levels of compliance, performance
- JDBC2 RowSets
  - Bigger and heavier than DataSets
  - More data to marshal
  - More complex to code
- Implementations of Pooled Connections Use JNDI
- XML Data Binding (JAXB)
  - Object serialization/deserialization only, not presentation
  - “Coming soon”
  - Not currently a core part of J2EE

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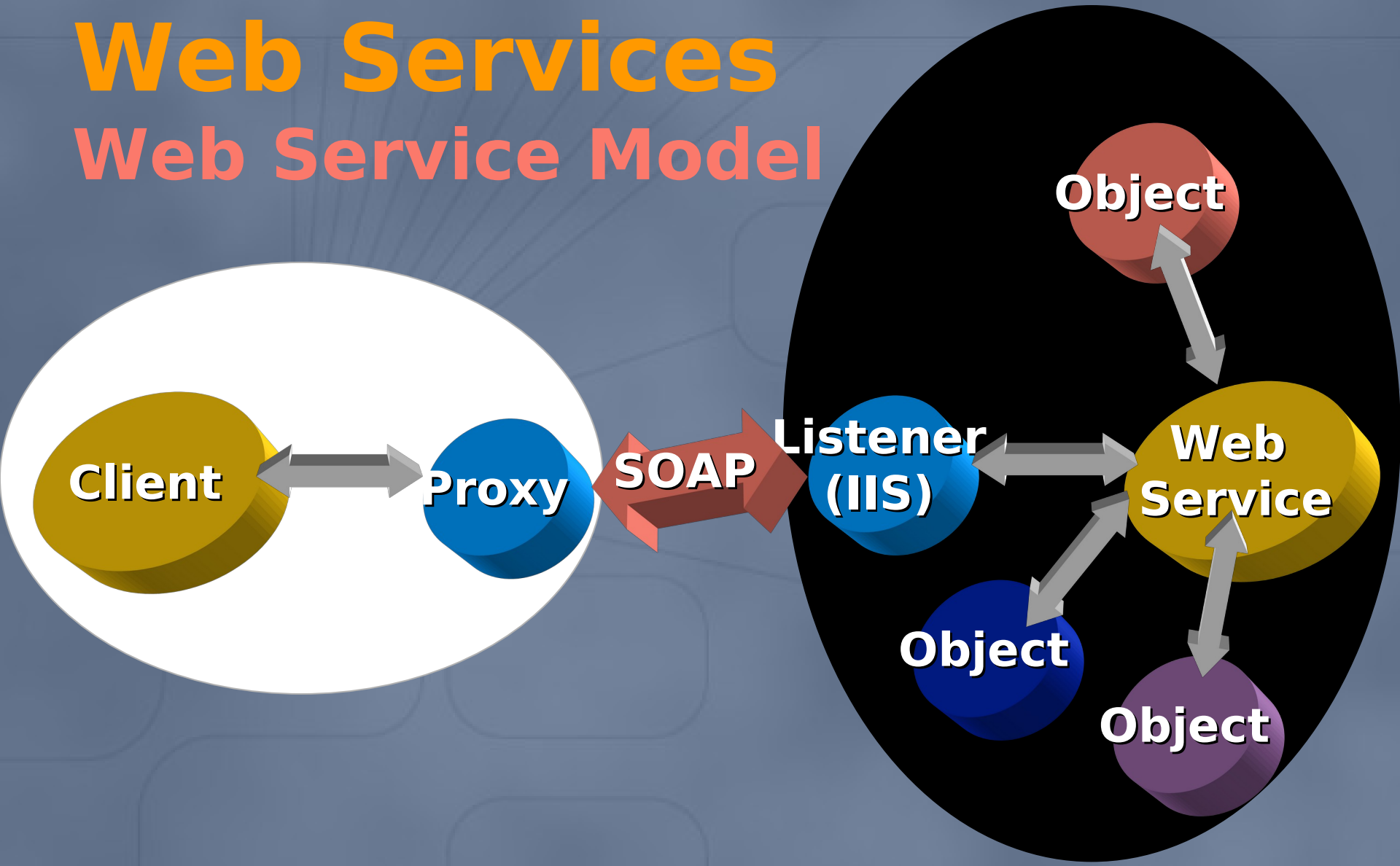
Web Services

Web Service Model



Web Services

.asmx Files

```
<% @ WebService Class="TrackOrder" %>
Using System;
Using System.WebServices;

public class TrackOrder : WebService
{
  [WebMethod]
  public string GetOrderStatus(ulong ulOrdNo)
  {
    . . .
    return Status;
  }
}
```

Web Services
SOAP

```
POST /ACMDeliveriesSoln/Trackorder.asmx HTTP/1.1
Host: cheshirecat
Content-Type: text/xml; charset=utf-8
Content-Length: length
SOAPAction: "http://tempuri.org/GetOrderStatus"

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<soap:Envelope xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  <soap:Body>
    <GetOrderStatus xmlns="http://tempuri.org/">
      <ulOrdNo>unsignedLong</ulOrdNo>
    </GetOrderStatus>
  </soap:Body>
</soap:Envelope>
```

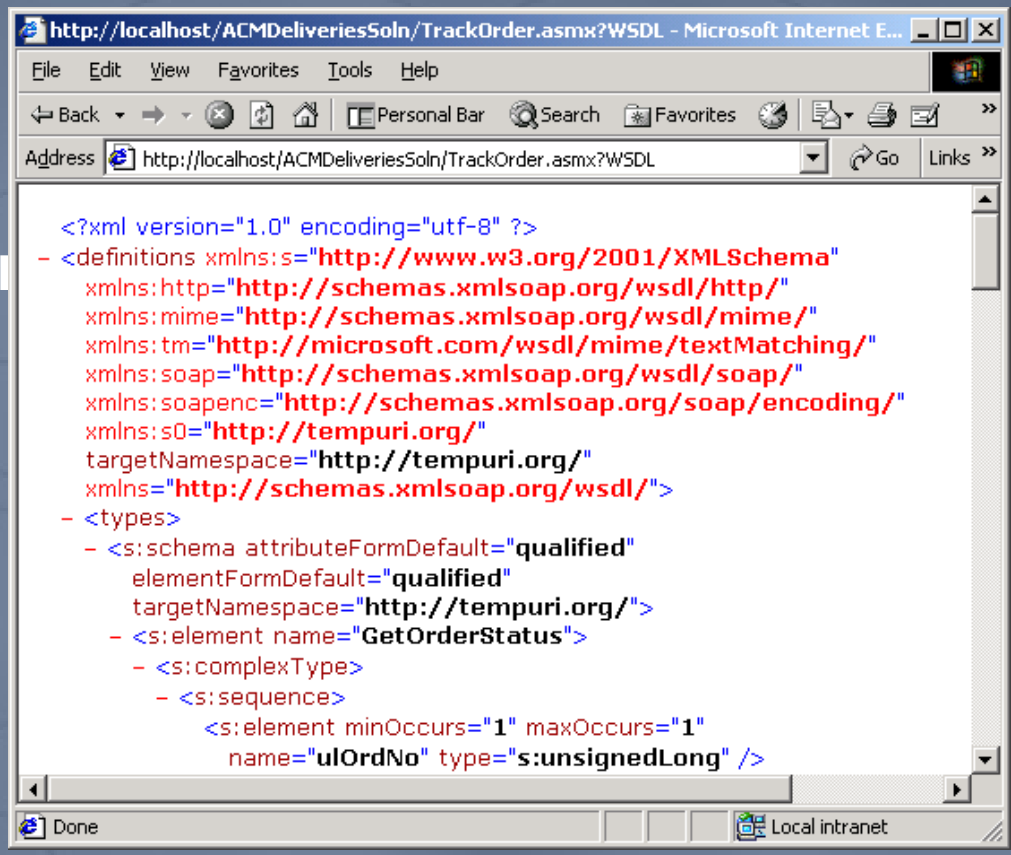
```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: text/xml; charset=utf-8
Content-Length: length

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<soap:Envelope xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  <soap:Body>
    <GetOrderStatusResponse xmlns="http://tempuri.org/">
      <GetOrderStatusResult>string</GetOrderStatusResult>
    </GetOrderStatusResponse>
  </soap:Body>
</soap:Envelope>
```

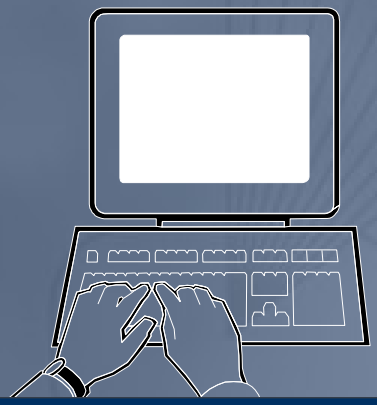
Web Services

Web Services Description Language

- A Web Service Can Be Asked For A List Of Its Methods
  - It should respond with a description in an understood format
- WSDL Is A Standard Format For Describing Networked XML Services
  - Useful for automating communications between Web Services
  - Orchestration

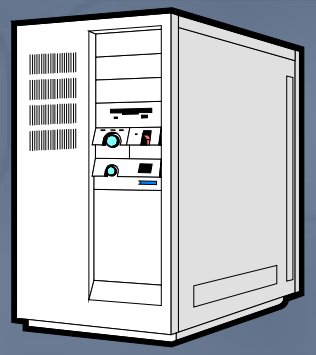


Web Services
Testing



TrackOrder.asmx

Test HTML Page



TrackOrder

Click here for a complete list of operations.

GetOrderStatus

Test

To test, click the 'Invoke' button.

Parameter	Value
ulOrdNo:	

Invoke

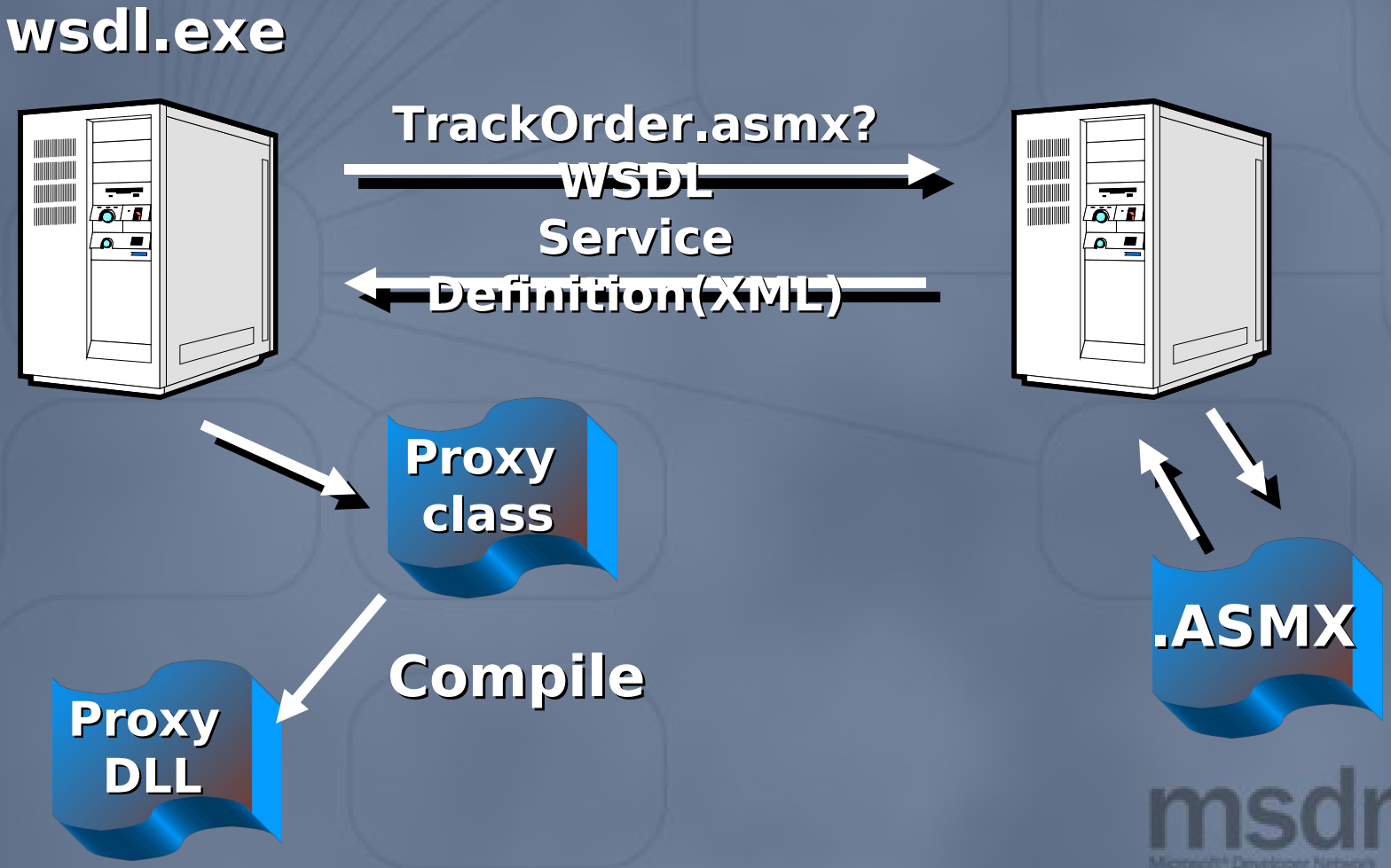
SOAP

The following is a sample SOAP request and response. The **placeholders** shown need to be replaced with actual v

msdn Microsoft® Developer Network

Web Services

Web Service Proxies and Clients



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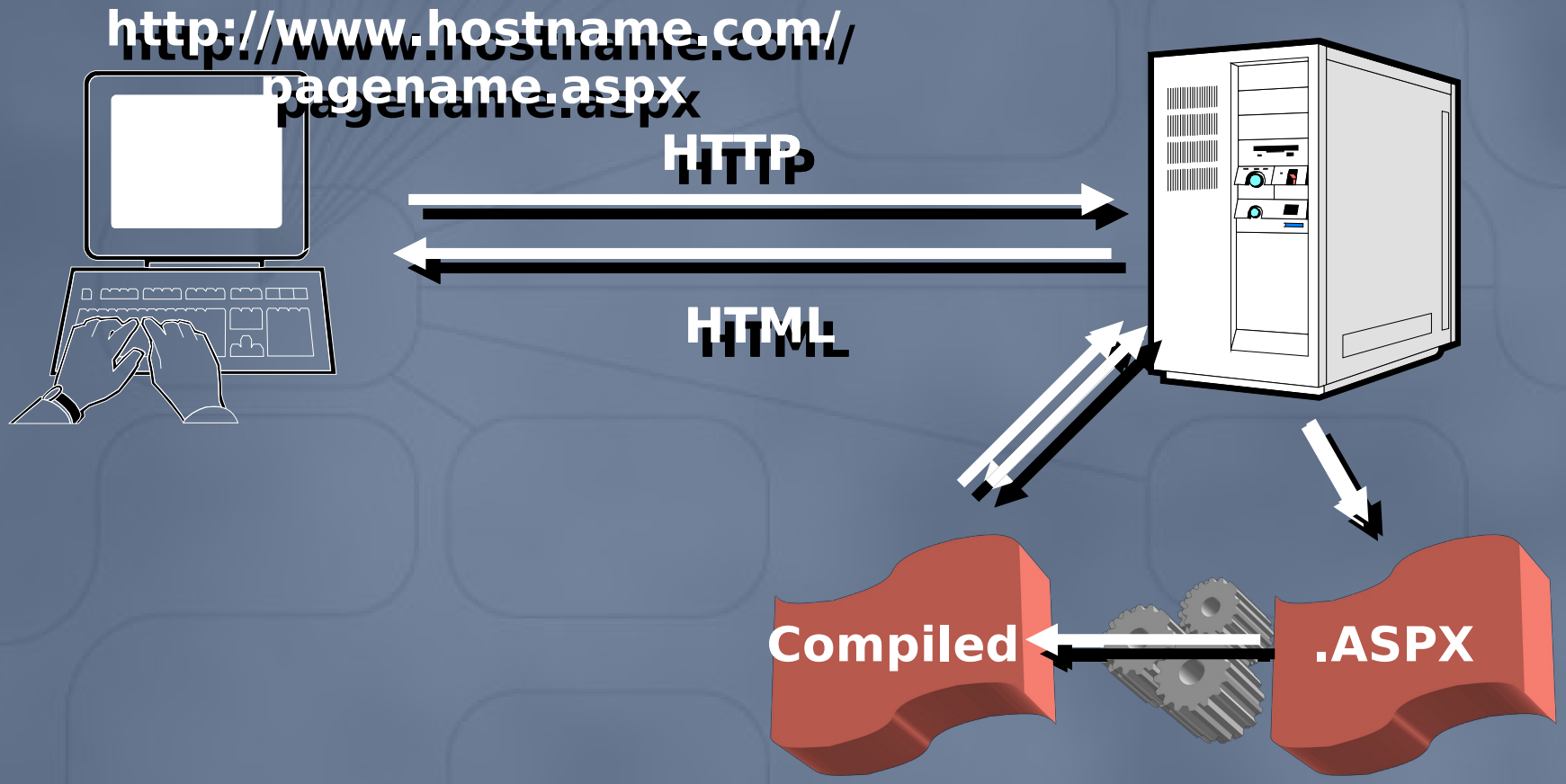
Web Applications

ASP.NET

- Updated ASP, For .NET
- Separates Presentation/Business Logic
  - Code Behind Forms
  - C#, VB.NET, JScript
- Web Forms
  - Quicker development
  - Powerful controls
  - Event driven programming
  - State preservation

Web Applications
ASP.NET Architecture



Web Applications
HTML and Server Controls

- Detects Client Browser Capabilities
  - Generates appropriate HTML
- Runat
  - enables server-side processing

HTML

```
<div id="MyDiv" runat="server"/>
```

Server Controls

```
<asp:TextBox id="txtUserName"
             runat="server"/>
<asp:Button OnClick="SubmitBtn_Click"
            runat="server"/>
```

Web Applications
Data Binding

- Server Controls Bind To Many Data Sources
  - Collections

```
<asp:ListBox id="List1" datasource='<%# myArray %>'
runat="server">
```

  - ADO.NET
    - DataReader
    - DataSet
  - XML
- DataBinding Expressions In ASP.NET

```
<%# GetBalance(custID) %>
```

Web Applications
Events

```
<script language="C#" runat="server">
  void SubmitBtn_Click(Object sender, EventArgs e)
  {
   Response.Write ("Hello " + txtUserName.Text);
  }
</script>
<body>
 <form runat="server">
  <asp:TextBox ID="txtUserName" runat="server"/>
  <asp:Button OnClick="SubmitBtn_Click" Text="Submit"
              runat="server"/>
 </form>
</body>
```

Web Applications
Data Controls

- DataGrid, Repeater and DataList
  - HTML templates
  - DataGrid and DataList updateable

```
<asp:DataList id="dataList1"
  runat="server"
  RepeatColumns="3"
  GridLines="Both"
  CellPadding="4"
  CellSpacing="0" >
  <ItemTemplate>
    Order Date:
      <%# DataBinder.Eval(Container.DataItem, "DateTimeValue") %>
    Quantity:
      <%# DataBinder.Eval(Container.DataItem, "IntegerValue") %>
  </ItemTemplate>
</asp:Datalist>
```

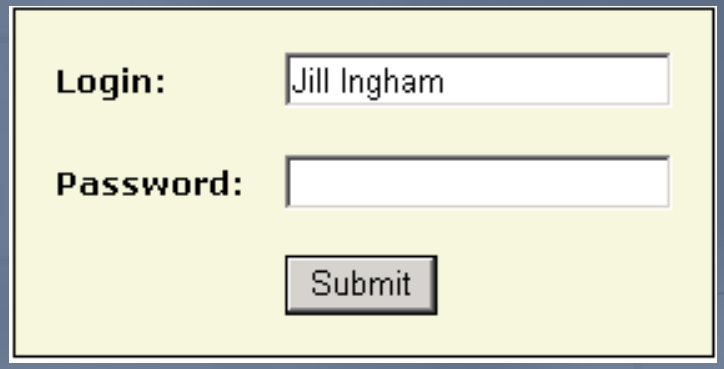
Web Applications
Validation Controls

```
<asp:RangeValidator
id="rangeValString"
Type="String"
ControlToValidate="txtAnimal"
MaximumValue="Zebra"
MinimumValue="Aardvark"
runat="server"/>
```

- Validate User Input
  - RequiredFieldValidator
  - RangeValidator
  - CompareValidator
  - RegularExpressionValidator
  - CustomValidator
  - ValidationSummary
- Generate Code
  - Client-side JavaScript if browser capable
  - Server-side checking always performed

Web Applications
User Controls

- Custom Web Controls
  - Just like VB6 controls!
- Generate HTML output
- Can Inherit




```
<%@ Register TagPrefix="Acme" TagName="Login" Src="login.ascx" %>
<html>
  ...
  <form runat="server">
    <Acme:Login id="MyLogin"
      UserId="Jill Ingham"
      Password="Secret"
      BackColor="beige"
      runat="server"/>
  </form>
</html>
```

Web Applications
Caching

- Application Cache
  - Stores objects in memory
  - Cleared when application terminates
- Lifetime Control
  - Scavenging
  - Expiration
  - Dependencies

```
Cache.Insert("MyData", Source, ...,
     DateTime.Now.AddHours(1), ...)
```

```
myValue = Cache["mykey"];
if(myValue != null )
{
  DisplayData(myValue);
}
```

Web Applications

State Management

- ASP.NET Web Forms Preserve State Between Posts
  - Can be disabled to save bandwidth
- Application/Session Objects
  - Can use Session/Application events to load/save Session/Application data
    - Threading issues
    - Stored In Server Process
- Web Farms
  - More scalable
  - Store state in StateServer or SQL Server™

```
<sessionState
  cookieless="true"
  mode="StateServer"
  stateConnectionString="tcpip=localhost:42424" />
```

Web Applications
ASP.NET versus JSP/Servlets

- Clearer Separation Of Business/Presentation Logic Than Servlets
- Less Overhead Than JSP
  - No beans, tags
- Easier To Develop
  - Code Behind Forms
  - Server controls generate HTML automatically
  - Data binding reduces code
  - Reusable presentation logic
- Scalability
  - State management can span servers
  - Built into ASP.NET, usually available with most “serious” J2EE servers
- Deployment
  - Just XCOPY

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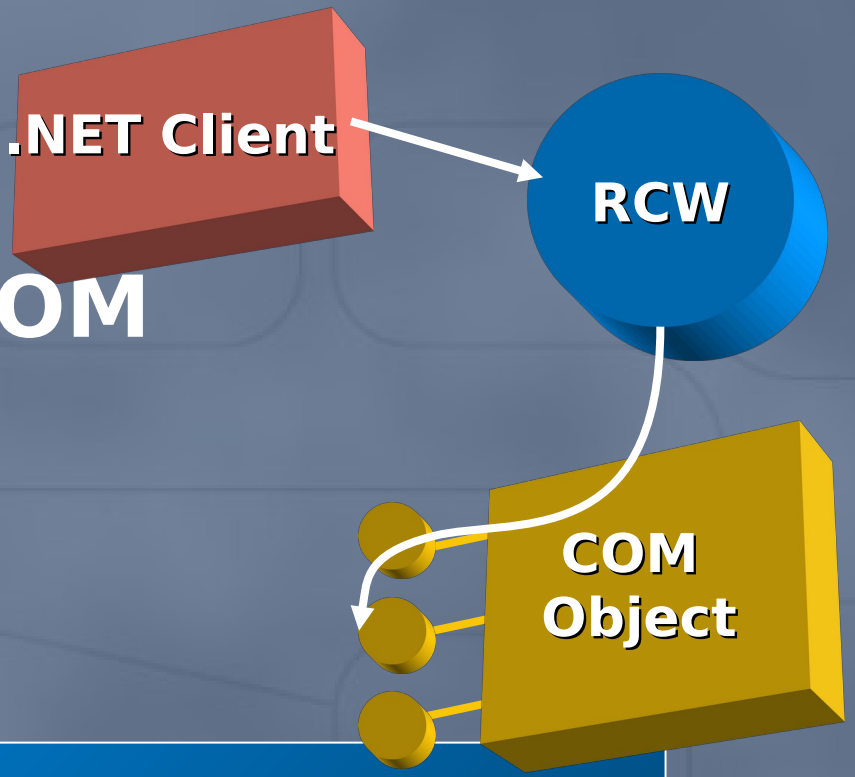
Application Integration
Integrating Legacy Code

- Large Base Of Existing Code
  - COM Servers
  - Libraries, DLLs
- Preserve Investment
  - Need to call from .NET
  - Useful to Invoke .NET components from unmanaged environment
- .NET Interop Features
  - Runtime Callable Wrappers (RCW)
  - COM Callable Wrappers (CCW)
  - Platform Invocation Services (PInvoke)
  - Windows Service Applications
- Java Interop Features
  - JNI – less platform specific
  - Invoking Java from non-Java in process is a challenge
  - Java Connector Architecture (J2EE 1.3)

Application Integration
Interop with COM

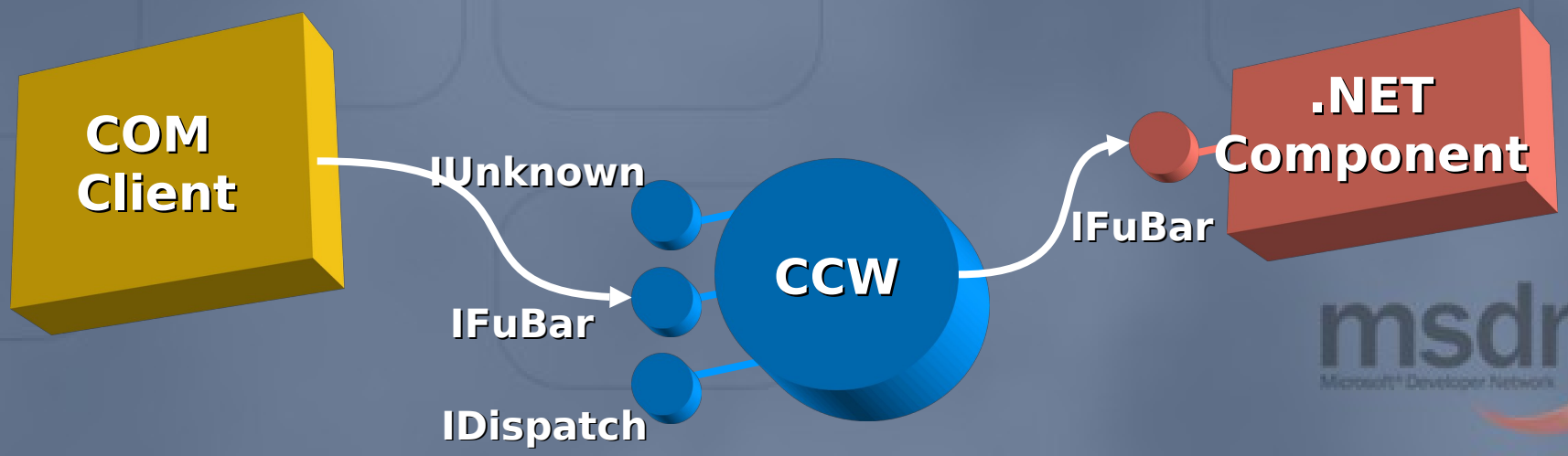


- Early Binding To COM
  - Create RCW (TlbImp.Exe)
  - Use as proxy
- Late Binding

```
System.Type MyType;
Object MyObject;
MyType = Type.GetTypeFromProgID("MyProg.Id");
MyObject = Activator.CreateInstance(MyType);
MyType.InvokeMember("MyMethod", ..., MyObject, ...);
```

Application Integration
Packaging a .NET Component

- Calling .NET Component From COM
  - Use interfaces, mark with `[ComVisible(true)]`
  - Create strong name (Sn.Exe)
  - Create CCW (TlbExp.Exe)
  - Register component (RegAsm.Exe)



Application Integration
Platform Invocation Services

```
using System.Runtime.InteropServices;
[StructLayout(LayoutKind.Sequential)]
public struct SystemTime {
  public ushort wYear;
  ...
}

public class TestPInvoke {
  [DllImport("Kernel32.dll")]
  public static extern void GetSystemTime(
                                    ref SystemTime sysTime);

  public static void Main() {
    SystemTime sysTime = new SystemTime();
    GetSystemTime(ref sysTime);
    ...
  }
}
```

Application Integration
Windows Service Applications

- Windows Services Written In .NET
  - Daemon processes – can auto-start on system boot
  - Run in their own context, using supplied security credentials
  - Closely coupled to the OS
  - Can define custom Event Log processing
- To Create
  - Use pre-supplied template with Visual Studio.NET
  - Or
    - Inherit from System.ServiceProcess.ServiceBase
    - Override OnStart, OnStop, OnPause, OnContinue, OnShutdown methods
  - Define Installer
  - Install service using InstallUtil.Exe
- ServiceController Components
  - Connect to and control the behaviour of existing Services

Session Summary

- The Highlights Of .NET Compared To J2EE
  - Distributed applications
  - Remoting and marshalling
  - In-process and out-of-process architectures
  - Web clients and servers
  - Synchronous and asynchronous communications
  - Applications deployment and integration
  - Security, scalability and efficiency

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